



GCSE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2016

**SCIENCE - CHEMISTRY C1
4462/01/02**

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2016 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

GCSE Science - Chemistry 1

Summer 2016

Mark Scheme

Question Number		Sub-section			Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT								
1		(a)			3	<p>Stage 1 beaker (containing sulfuric acid and copper(II) carbonate) (1)</p> <p>Stage 2 filter funnel & paper (containing unreacted copper(II) carbonate) (1)</p> <p>Stage 3 evaporating basin (containing solution and tripod, gauze and Bunsen burner) (1)</p>	beaker	ignore stirring rod, heating apparatus ignore collecting vessel	funnel evaporating basin heating apparatus funnel
		(b)			1	filtration / filtering	filter		
		(c)			1	copper(II) sulfate + water + carbon dioxide all three needed - any order	correct formulae	incorrect balancing if correct formulae given	

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
2	HT	(a)		4	<p>iron ore, coke and limestone</p> <p>award (1) for each correct label</p>			
		(b)	(i)	1	coke (hot) air both needed	carbon	oxygen	
			(ii)	1	limestone slag both needed			
		(c)		1	3			
		(d)		2	55 (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for 1100/2000			

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT							
3		(a)		1	C D A B <p style="text-align: center;">must be in correct order</p>			
		(b)		2	any 2 of following for (1) each <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • jig-saw fit of coastlines / continents (e.g. South America and Africa) close fit of coastlines / continents (e.g. South America and Africa) • <u>similar</u> fossils / fossil types / fossilised plants / fossilised animals • <u>similar</u> rock types / common mountain ranges 	same / matching fossils same / matching	reference to 'countries' 'similar shape of coastlines' 'fit like puzzle' reference to 'animals' and/or 'plants'	
		(c)		1	earthquake			

Question Number		Sub-section			Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT								
4		(a)	(i)		1	15			
			(ii)		1	petrol	40 to 100	4-12	
			(iii)		1	refinery gases	-160 to 40	1-4	
			(iv)		1	hydrogen /H		H ₂	
		(b)		3	any 3 of following for (1) each <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • doesn't corrode/rust/rot • flexible/not brittle • can be coloured • easier installation/easier to replace • less dense /lighter 		strong/won't break water proof poor conductor		

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
5		(a)		2	any 2 of following for (1) each <ul style="list-style-type: none"> contains (the elements) hydrogen and oxygen / it is a compound / formula is H₂O ratio of elements is 2:1 credit points 1 and 2 for ratio of hydrogen to oxygen is 2:1 / twice as much hydrogen as oxygen <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (water) conducts electricity / is broken down by an electric current / is an electrolyte 	contains H and O	contains H ₂ and O ₂ can be electrolysed	
		(b)		1	B			

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT							
6		(a)	(i)	3	all four points plotted correctly (2) any three correct (1) tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square straight line of best fit through origin (using ruler) (1)	judgement by eye		
			(ii)	1	1.8-1.9 ecf possible from incorrect line - tolerance ± 1 square			
			(iii)	1	dry it / remove water/evaporate <u>water</u>		heat / put in an oven / evaporate it	
			(iv)	1	MgSO ₄ + Cu both needed – either order		ignore incorrect balancing if formulae are correct	
		(b)		2	correct order Mg Cu Ag (1) any of following for (1) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> metals high in the reactivity series displace metals lower (from solution) Mg displaces Cu , and Cu displaces Ag (therefore Mg most reactive and Ag least reactive) 			

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept	
FT	HT								
7	1	(a)	(i)	2	Group 2 (1) Period 3 (1)				
			(ii)	2	D (1) on the boundary / divide <u>between</u> metals and non-metals (1)		in the middle of the Periodic Table because it is silicon / in Group 4 / a semi-metal / a metalloid		
		(b)	(i)	1	3				
			(ii)	1	Li ₂ CO ₃	Li ⁺ ₂ CO ₃ ²⁻			

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT							
8	2	(a)		1	increases			
		(b)		1	fluorine	F / F ₂		
		(c)		2	melting point any value above iodine's i.e. higher than 115°C (1) boiling point any value above iodine's i.e. higher than 185°C and higher than given melting point (1)			
		(d)		1	chlorine	Cl/ Cl ₂		

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT							
9	3	(a)	(i)	1	liquid	molten		
			(ii)	3	aluminium ions go to cathode and oxide ions go to anode (1) cathode is negative and anode is positive (1) movements is due to attraction / because opposite charges attract (1)		oxygen ions	
		(b)		1	any correct property and relevant use for (1) e.g. low density and aircraft / window frames / ladders / overhead power lines / gutters / cars / bike frames corrosion resistance and aircraft / window frames / ladders / gutters / cars / saucepans	light forms an oxide layer/ forms a protective layer	foil / cans doesn't rust	
		(c)		2	B (1) increased from 22 to 44 (1)			

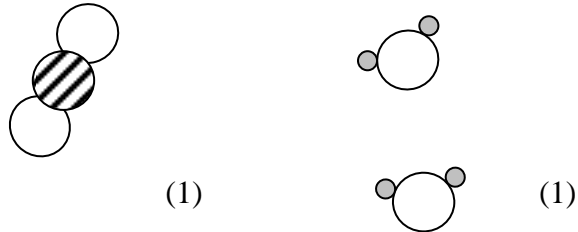
Question Number		Mark	Answer
FT	HT		
10	4	6	<p>Indicative content</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 45%;"> <p>Benefits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • saves raw materials / crude oil / energy • reduces litter • reduces need for landfill sites • cheaper to make new objects • avoids air pollution caused by burning waste plastic - toxic fumes / carbon dioxide </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 45%;"> <p>Drawbacks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • collection costs • dependent on public support • households need to store bins • not all plastics can be recycled • separation cost </div> </div> <p>5-6 marks The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.</p> <p>3-4 marks The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.</p> <p>1-2 marks The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.</p> <p>0 marks The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.</p>

Question Number		Sub-section			Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT								
	5	(a)			5	A zinc / Zn (1) B copper(II) carbonate / CuCO ₃ (1) C carbon dioxide / CO ₂ (1) D sodium hydroxide / NaOH (1) E copper(II) oxide / CuO copper(II) hydroxide / Cu(OH) ₂ (1)		sodium oxide / Na ₂ O	
		(b)			1	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	(NH ₄ ⁺) ₂ SO ₄ ²⁻		

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT							
	6	(a)		3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • burns (forming heat) / acts as a fuel (1) • carbon dioxide reacts (with carbon / coke) to form carbon monoxide (1) • carbon monoxide / coke is a reducing agent (1) 	appropriate equations for all marking points		
		(b)	(i)	1	$2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 3\text{C} \rightarrow 4\text{Fe} + 3\text{CO}_2$			
			(ii)	2	substance reduced: Fe_2O_3 / iron(III) oxide substance oxidised: C / carbon both needed for (1) Fe_2O_3 / iron(III) oxide loses oxygen C / carbon gains oxygen both needed for (1)	award (1) for carbon oxidised because it gains oxygen	iron ore coke	loses oxide
		(c)		1	mixture of a metals / mixture of a metal and a non-metal			compound of two metals

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT							
	7	(a)		3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • displacement identified e.g. displacement reaction / iron removes silver from solution (1) • products identified e.g. silver and iron nitrate formed / word equation / symbol equation (1) • explanation in terms of reactivity e.g. iron is more reactive than silver / iron is above silver in reactivity series (1) 			
		(b)		2	either of following for (1) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pollutes / gets into water supplies on washing • absorbed into the body / through the skin / inhaled could be harmful in the long term / don't know long term effects – uncertainty must be implied (1)	lakes / rivers / streams blood	'gets into body'	

Question Number									
FT	HT	Sub-section			Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
	8	(a)			2	6.4 (1) atoms cannot be created or destroyed / atoms are re-arranged (in a chemical reaction) (1)		explanation using masses	
		(b)	(i)		3	all five points plotted correctly (2) any four correct (1) tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square straight line of best fit (using ruler) (1)	judgement by eye		
			(ii)		2	as the mass of magnesium used increases, the mass of copper formed increases / positive correlation between magnesium and copper masses (1) linear / proportional (1) OR award (2) for mass of magnesium used and mass of copper formed are directly proportional / doubling mass of magnesium used, doubles mass of copper formed			
			(iii)		1	0.79 if not 0.79 refer to graph – award (1) for correct reading from graph			

Question Number		Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
FT	HT							
	9	(a)		2	<p>Support as carbon dioxide level increases, (5 year) average temperature increases / is on an upward trend (1)</p> <p>Oppose at certain points (e.g. from 1960-65) the carbon dioxide level increases but the temperature decreases / temperature fluctuates (1)</p>			
		(b)		2	 <p>(1) (1)</p> <p>must show two water molecules</p>			

Question Number		Mark	Answer		
FT	HT				
	10	6	<p>Indicative content</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;"> <p>Advantages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • raw material (water) is readily available / renewable / sustainable • reduced dependency on crude oil • only water formed on combustion / no CO₂ which causes global warming </td> <td style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;"> <p>Disadvantages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • expensive extraction method/ electrolysis is expensive • electricity generation (for production) might cause environmental issues (unless 'green' method of production e.g. solar, wind, etc.) • transport of liquefied gas (no infrastructure) • storage of liquefied gas in thick steel containers </td> </tr> </table> <p>5-6 marks The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.</p> <p>3-4 marks The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.</p> <p>1-2 marks The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.</p> <p>0 marks The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.</p>	<p>Advantages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • raw material (water) is readily available / renewable / sustainable • reduced dependency on crude oil • only water formed on combustion / no CO₂ which causes global warming 	<p>Disadvantages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • expensive extraction method/ electrolysis is expensive • electricity generation (for production) might cause environmental issues (unless 'green' method of production e.g. solar, wind, etc.) • transport of liquefied gas (no infrastructure) • storage of liquefied gas in thick steel containers
<p>Advantages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • raw material (water) is readily available / renewable / sustainable • reduced dependency on crude oil • only water formed on combustion / no CO₂ which causes global warming 	<p>Disadvantages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • expensive extraction method/ electrolysis is expensive • electricity generation (for production) might cause environmental issues (unless 'green' method of production e.g. solar, wind, etc.) • transport of liquefied gas (no infrastructure) • storage of liquefied gas in thick steel containers 				